PART 1:

ANTONYMS

SYNOPSIS

Antonym is a word which has an opposite meaning of the given word. The best source of enhancing vocabulary is by general conversation and extensive reading.

How to Attempt Antonyms

1. Whenever possible, question-word and answer-word must be the same part of speech. For example, if the question-word is in the passive, the answer should be in the passive. Similarly, if the question-word is in the past tense, the answer should be in the past tense, and so on.
2. A favourite trick for the examiner is to include a synonym in the answer choices for an antonym. Be careful about what is asked for before answering a question.

Directions: In the following questions, choose the word which is most opposite in meaning to the bold word and mark it in the Answer sheet.

1. ABATE
(A) Postpone (B) Diminish
(C) Abandon (D) Increase

2. LUCID
(A) Confusing (B) Bitter
(C) Auster (D) Weird

3. AMALGAMATE
(A) Blend (B) Segregate
(C) Inattentive (D) Righteous

4. MERCURIAL
(A) Erratic (B) Unchangeable
(C) Stable (D) Sloppy

5. PRUDENT
(A) Unwise (B) Parochial
(C) Customary (D) Vain

6. We must remember that like all other things days of prosperity will end too.
(A) trouble

7. (B) disaster
(C) adversity (D) misfortune

8. The court jester was allowed to make derogatory remarks about the king and yet get away with it.
(A) humorous (B) emotional
(C) complimentary (D) commendable

9. There was a rueful expression on the face of the old lady.
(A) sorrowful (B) wistful
(C) hopeful (D) cheerful

10. He pleaded for the modernisation of the factory enthusiastically.
(A) unconvincingly (B) reluctantly
(C) indifferently (D) dispassionately

11. The novel is remarkable for its graphic descriptions of the city's underworld.
(A) vague (B) prejudiced
(C) vivid (D) short

Antonyms
11. NEGLECTED  
   (A) Defended  
   (B) Attended  
   (C) Objected  
   (D) Praised  

12. ACCOST  
   (A) Avoid  
   (B) Accompany  
   (C) Cajole  
   (D) Reduce  

13. RECEDE  
   (A) Proceed  
   (B) Follow  
   (C) Hug  
   (D) Welcome  

14. CLEAN  
   (A) Pure  
   (B) Dirty  
   (C) Lure  
   (D) Corrupt  

15. POSTPONE  
   (A) Defer  
   (B) Flatter  
   (C) Continue  
   (D) Schedule  

16. DEPART  
   (A) Leave  
   (B) Come back  
   (C) Depend  
   (D) Unknown  

17. WAR  
   (A) Calm  
   (B) Battle  
   (C) Bomb  
   (D) Peace  

18. MASTER  
   (A) Maestro  
   (B) Plain  
   (C) Slave  
   (D) Clan  

19. The army had **adequate** ammunition for the battle.  
   (A) insufficient  
   (B) meagre  
   (C) deficient  
   (D) poor  

20. Sumitra was filled with **remorse** for having refused to sell her bicycle to Jyoti.  
   (A) pride  
   (B) satisfaction  
   (C) excitement  
   (D) anguish  

21. The budget was presented with a **deficit** of crores of rupees.  
   (A) benefit  
   (B) bonus  
   (C) surplus  
   (D) profit  

22. His style of writing is quite **verbose**.  
   (A) short  
   (B) precise  
   (C) limited  
   (D) constricted  

23. The team felt **triumphant**.  
   (A) depressed  
   (B) sad  
   (C) defeated  
   (D) lost  

24. She had nothing but **scorn** for my ideas.  
   (A) admiration  
   (B) encouragement  
   (C) appreciation  
   (D) agreement  

25. He directed a couple of **mediocre** films.  
   (A) noble  
   (B) successful  
   (C) outstanding  
   (D) famous  

26. It was a **revolting** sight.  
   (A) comfortable  
   (B) pleasant  
   (C) delicious  
   (D) remarkable  

27. There is something **repulsive** about the way he handles people’s complaints.  
   (A) lovely  
   (B) delightful  
   (C) attractive  
   (D) distinctive  

28. The witness **corroborated** word for word the statement of the victim.  
   (A) confirmed  
   (B) denied  
   (C) accepted  
   (D) refused  

29. Unlike his sister, he is **affable**.  
   (A) reserved  
   (B) gullible  
   (C) irritable  
   (D) lovable  

30. The birth of his son decidedly proved to be an **auspicious** event in his life.  
   (A) outlandish  
   (B) ominous  
   (C) precious  
   (D) useless  

31. It was indeed **arduous** to cross streets in Tokyo.  
   (A) interesting  
   (B) painless  
   (C) pleasant  
   (D) effortless  

32. My first speech was a **fiasco**.  
   (A) success  
   (B) disaster  
   (C) fun  
   (D) joy  

33. At first, she was **reluctant** to accept the appointment in the bank.  
   (A) anxious  
   (B) excited  
   (C) pleased  
   (D) willing  

34. Her knowledge of Sanskrit appears to be quite **superficial**.  
   (A) sufficient  
   (B) perfect  
   (C) deep  
   (D) praiseworthy  

35. She appears to be a **phoney** person.  
   (A) beautiful  
   (B) unnatural  
   (C) genuine  
   (D) unreal  

36. When John entered the room, he was in a **jubilant** mood.  
   (A) defeated  
   (B) serious  
   (C) penitent  
   (D) depressed  

37. His speeches were **insipid**.  
   (A) informative  
   (B) insightful  
   (C) interesting  
   (D) shocking  

38. They have tried their best to **provoke** the flood victims.  
   (A) attract  
   (B) gratify  
   (C) pacify  
   (D) convince  

39. The judge **implicated** the investigating officer in the murder.  
   (A) absolved  
   (B) unconcerned  
   (C) explicated  
   (D) liberated
40. His comment was considered **pointless** by the Chairman of the meeting.
(A) significant (B) original
(C) objective (D) impartial

41. The rainfall was **plentiful** in this part during the last season.
(A) handful (B) rare
(C) small (D) scanty

42. I have **vague** memories of my childhood.
(A) pleasant (B) sufficient
(C) profound (D) clear

43. It was a very **dreary** day.
(A) drab (B) dangerous
(C) beautiful (D) bright

44. That man is known for his **elegance**.
(A) awkwardness (B) indelicacy
(C) clumsiness (D) savagery

45. The decision was **delayed** because of him.
(A) expedited (B) detention
(C) released (D) triggered

46. The room was filled with a **delicious** odour.
(A) bitter (B) repulsive
(C) strange (D) unpalatable

47. Silence in this place is **mandatory**.
(A) optional (B) compulsory
(C) imperative (D) irritating

48. The **veracity** of this statement needs to be tested further.
(A) treachery (B) dishonesty
(C) pretence (D) falsity

49. His **radical** views made him unpopular.
(A) narrow (B) outmoded
(C) conservative (D) childish

50. On the face of it, Poirot’s glance conveyed **humorous** impatience.
(A) dejected (B) disappointed
(C) dismayed (D) pathetic

51. Her **modesty** prevented her from making her feelings known to him.
(A) superiority (B) hypocrisy
(C) vanity (D) arrogance

52. We must realise the **futility** of wars.
(A) value (B) usefulness
(C) importance (D) urgency

53. **SAGE**
(A) Snob (B) Egoist
(C) Fool (D) Rogue

54. **MOIST**
(A) Crisp (B) Hard
(C) Dry (D) Parched

55. **MASK**
(A) Hit (B) Expose
(C) Injure (D) Deface

56. **CALLOUS**
(A) Capable (B) Sensitive
(C) Sentimental (D) Confidence

57. **BEGUILE**
(A) Flatter (B) Smile
(C) Cheat (D) Persuade

58. **VIRTUE**
(A) Crime (B) Wickedness
(C) Fraud (D) Vice

59. **VENEERATE**
(A) Defame (B) Deist
(C) Criticise (D) Accuse

60. **SHALLOW**
(A) Deep (B) Hollow
(C) Hidden (D) High

61. **REWARD**
(A) Retribution (B) Penalty
(C) Forfeiture (D) Demotion

62. **FOREIGNER**
(A) Alien (B) Native
(C) Stranger (D) National

63. **GATHER**
(A) Spend (B) Scatter
(C) Suspend (D) Separate

64. **CONCEALED**
(A) Released (B) Disclosed
(C) Opened (D) Publicised

65. **INNOCENT**
(A) Guilty (B) Corrupt
(C) Deadly (D) Sinful

66. **RESERVED**
(A) Companionable (B) Popular
(C) Talkative (D) Likeable

67. **OFTEN**
(A) Never (B) Always
(C) Quickly (D) Sometimes

68. **VICTORY**
(A) Progress (B) Success
(C) Defeat (D) Fortune

69. **LOOSE**
(A) Unbroken (B) Joined
(C) Tight (D) Excellent
70. **ACCORD**
   (A) Failure (B) Agreement
   (C) Difference (D) Disagreement

71. **REJECT**
   (A) Refuse (B) Agree
   (C) Allow (D) Accept

72. He has the habit of magnifying others' mistakes.
   (A) enlarging (B) discriminating
   (C) reducing (D) denying

73. He has a **definite** idea of what he wants in life.
   (A) deficit (B) debtor
   (C) vague (D) coward

74. As a novelist, Sarat Chandra based his narrative on **facts**.
   (A) story (B) fiction
   (C) discussion (D) darkness

75. The boss works in this office in a **hostile** environment.
   (A) friendly (B) cooperative
   (C) malicious (D) doubtful

76. His principles are **flexible**.
   (A) strong (B) hard
   (C) powerful (D) rigid

77. The president’s message of congratulations gave a **boost** to the morale of the team.
   (A) hinder (B) obstruction
   (C) discouragement (D) rebuke

78. **LOUDER**
   (A) Little (B) Softer
   (C) Smaller (D) noisy

79. **LOW**
   (A) Down (B) Above
   (C) Below (D) High

80. **ANSWER**
   (A) Reply (B) Question
   (C) Interrogation (D) Return

81. **PUNISH**
   (A) Cruel (B) Help
   (C) Reward (D) Pity

82. This is not ideology but **pragmatic** language teaching.
   (A) Impossible (B) Imperfect
   (C) Improper (D) Impractical

83. There are reports that many poor people **abandon** female children.
   (A) help (B) keep
   (C) reject (D) like

84. Earthquakes are **frequent** in Japan.
   (A) rare (B) few
   (C) unusual (D) extinct

85. Machine civilisation has made human life **artificial**.
   (A) authentic (B) true
   (C) natural (D) genuine

86. The Minister is **optimistic** about the new project just launched.
   (A) cynical (B) pessimistic
   (C) dubious (D) stoical

87. All the runners started **simultaneously**.
   (A) momentarily (B) frequently
   (C) separately (D) fully

88. He was **acquitted** of the charge of theft.
   (A) exonerated (B) convicted
   (C) released (D) dissociated

89. The police tried to find out the **rightful** owner of the ornaments left in the train.
   (A) mistaken (B) unlawful
   (C) claimant (D) indefinite

90. The students **assembled** in the meeting-hall.
   (A) diffused (B) removed
   (C) dispersed (D) eliminated

91. The children are playing in the **nearby** park.
   (A) close (B) different
   (C) separate (D) distant

92. **LAMENT**
   (A) Rejoice (B) Enjoy
   (C) Laugh (D) Smile

93. **OBVIOUS**
   (A) Obscure (B) Difficult
   (C) Uncertain (D) False

94. **DECEIT**
   (A) Simplicity (B) Gentility
   (C) Sincerity (D) Honesty

95. The language of signs is **universal**.
   (A) common (B) worldly
   (C) international (D) ordinary

96. My father was in **fury** when he heard of my failure in the examination.
   (A) disappointment (B) joy
   (C) stonishment (D) shock

97. Please **confine** your remarks to the topic under consideration.
   (A) refer (B) extent
   (C) condense (D) broaden

98. The inspector in the Central Excise Collectorate is **assigned** the duty of renewal of certain licences.
   (A) ordered to perform (B) proposed to perform
   (C) allotted as part of work (D) requested to attend to
Part 2:

Antonyms

99. The education committee meeting was **adjourned** for the day.
   (A) held  (B) cancelled  (C) postponed  (D) called

100. **WORTHLESS**
   (A) Cheap  (B) Valuable  (C) Invalid  (D) Variable

101. **COARSE**
   (A) Beautiful  (B) Attractive  (C) Fine  (D) Smart

102. **AVENGE**
   (A) Exempt  (B) Reward  (C) Save  (D) Forgive

103. **TRANSPARENT**
   (A) Thick  (B) Opaque  (C) Cloudy  (D) Dense

104. **APPROXIMATE**
   (A) Correct  (B) Exact  (C) Total  (D) Aggregate

105. **CREATE**
   (A) Distort  (B) Destroy  (C) Damage  (D) Break

106. **HARD**
   (A) Soft  (B) Silky  (C) Smooth  (D) Durable

107. **BOLD**
   (A) Ineffective  (B) Weak  (C) Meek  (D) Gentle

108. **INDIVIDUALLY**
   (A) Generally  (B) Collectively  (C) Impersonally  (D) Wholly

109. **SPEND**
   (A) Waste  (B) Exhaust  (C) Save  (D) Prompt

110. **CONSIDERATE**
   (A) Indifferent  (B) Opposed  (C) Harsh  (D) Infuriated

111. **ADMONISH**
   (A) Flatter  (B) Approve  (C) Tolerate  (D) Commend

112. **CONDEMN**
   (A) Accept  (B) Like  (C) Prefer  (D) Praise

113. There is only the most **tenuous** evidence for it.
   (A) enough  (B) reasonable  (C) less  (D) abundant

114. The new government has **abolished** the Gold Control Act.
   (A) approved  (B) removed  (C) passed  (D) restored

115. That police officer is known to be **humane** in his approach.
   (A) uncultured  (B) uncivilised  (C) unsympathetic  (D) uncompromising

116. He has a weakness for **foreign** goods.
   (A) exported  (B) indigenous  (C) fashionable  (D) exotic

117. India is a **heterogeneous** country.
   (A) complex  (B) homogeneous  (C) strange  (D) vast

118. There is good deal of **spurious** family affection.
   (A) genuine  (B) obvious  (C) fictitious  (D) authentic

Model Questions

**Directions:** A number of sentences are given below. The sentences are split in three separate parts and each one is labelled (A), (B) and (C). Read each sentence to find out whether there is an error in any part. No sentence has more than one error. When you find an error in any of the parts (A), (B), or (C), indicate your response on the separate Answer Sheet at the appropriate space. If there is no error, letter (D) will signify a ‘No error’.

1. These are the ideas and ideals which have shaped/our economic thought in the past. **No error.**
   (A)  (B)  (C)  (D)

2. India’s problems are not similar with/those of other countries in/several ways. **No error.**
   (A)  (B)  (C)  (D)

3. He had lost a ring in the sand and/I helped him search for it but it was like a look for a needle in a haystack. **No error.**
   (A)  (B)  (C)  (D)

4. The Ganges and/its tributaries constitute one of the largest river-systems in the world. **No error.**
   (A)  (B)  (C)  (D)
5. The sudden change of place affected her health./
   (A) (B) (C) No error.
   (D)

6. There are a number of people of every class and nationalities/who doubts the truth of his statement./
   (A) (B) (C) No error.
   (D)

7. I like this book because the writer has explained/ the reasons of his failure truly./No error.
   (A) (B) (C) (D)

8. She is very weak in the subject and does not understand things/though the teacher explains her repeatedly./No error.
   (A) (B) (C) (D)

9. The speaker from the Fifth Avenue who was a rich banker’s wife/ was simple and compassionate./
   (A) (B) (C) No error.
   (D)

10. There was no any piece of paper in my pocket as I had expected./No error.
    (A) (B) (C) (D)

11. Neither the teacher or the student is keen on joining the dance./No error.
    (A) (B) (C) (D)

12. My neighbour Deepak is a person who will help anyone./No error.
    (A) (B) (C) (D)

13. I’ll ask that man which of the roads are the one we want./No error.
    (A) (B) (C) (D)

14. Now we have banks and people deposit there money and draw it out by cheques./No error.
    (A) (B) (C) (D)

15. Apart from government agencies, a number of private organisations too have been making use of satellites./No error.
    (A) (B) (C) (D)

16. What sort of a drug is that no one seems to be able to predict its long-term effects with any certainty? No error.
    (A) (B) (C) (D)

17. You will lose your dog if you did not tie it up./No error.
    (A) (B) (C) (D)

18. In view of the fact that almost all varieties of rural games and sports are fast gaining national importance it is desired that the rules of such games are strictly adhered./No error.
    (A) (B) (C) (D)

19. More than one workmen was killed./No error.
    (A) (B) (C) (D)

20. The parties disagreed on the first two clauses in the agreement./No error.
    (A) (B) (C) (D)

21. Being a rainy day, we did not feel like going out or doing anything except playing chess in the room./No error.
    (A) (B) (C) (D)

22. When I asked him why had he not come yesterday, he did not answer./No error.
    (A) (B) (C) (D)

23. My father says that everyone should always be sincere to his duties./No error.
    (A) (B) (C) (D)

24. He went on reading after the pages of the book of short stories which he had (A) (B)
25. The industries that will feel the pinch of price-hike immediately are those that use oil or are heavily dependent over imports for their survival. No error.

26. We have had no dearth of informations on the matter the problem is how effectively to sort it out and to weed out what is not authentic from the mass. No error.

27. The first-year students find the academic schedule too strenuous that most of them are not able to cope up with it. No error.

28. The two friends walked besides each other in silence. No error.

29. It was so lovely weather that we spent the whole day in the garden. No error.

30. He suggested us that we should try to improve our condition by beginning to work hard. No error.

31. A man jumped in the river in a state of depression. No error.

32. He said he was an employee of the gas company and had come to inspect the gas connection. No error.

33. Over three hundred farmers marched through the capital to protest against the new tax. No error.

34. I have read Tagore's poems who is a great poet. No error.

35. Mr. Bose accompanied by his wife and children were present there. No error.

36. He is sorry because his all books are lost. No error.

37. He came from abroad for seeing me. No error.

38. More than three times as many people came than had been expected. No error.

39. Men are apt to pick up holes in the views of those whom they do not like. No error.

40. I am seeing him this evening at five. No error.

41. The myth that some races are naturally superior than others has now been fully demolished. No error.

42. It is truth that prevails in long run. No error.

43. This particular issue has been hanging in fire for a long time. No error.
44. Summons was served / on Ram / No error
   (A) (B) (C) (D)
45. The steep rise in the price of petroleum (A)
    products have affected the economic (B)
    development of the developing nations. / (C)
    No error. (D)
46. Kiran as well as Kamal are leaving / (A)
    for Mumbai / No error. (B) (C) (D)
47. In the past people travelled by foot / (A)
    No error. (B) (C) (D)
48. Much water has flown under the bridge (A)
    since then / No error. (B) (C) (D)
49. He did not eat the apple / because it tasted (A)
    bitterly and was slightly rotten / No error. (B) (C) (D)
50. Most people take him to a great writer; writer he (A)
    is, no doubt but he is more an educationist, / and (B)
    it is his innovation in education that will go down in history / No error. (C) (D)
51. When she arrived, I was pretty fed up / because I was waiting / since eight (A)
    o'clock in the horrible weather / No error. (B) (C) (D)
52. Of the two thesis submitted for the degree of Ph.D. in English / neither (A)
    was found suitable / by the examiners for the (B)
    award of the degree / No error. (C) (D)
53. He want on committing crime after crime / but in spite of my best efforts I could (A)
    not prevent him to do so / No error. (B) (C) (D)
54. Sivakami had not been educated in the conventional sense / but she was proficient at (A)
    Telugu / and while in Kolkata engaged a tutor to teach to read and write English. / No error. (B) (C) (D)
55. The doctor advised us / not told / the (A)
    patient about his disease / No error (B) (C) (D)
56. As sooner did he / return from school / (A)
    than he was told to go to the shop. (B) (C) (D)
57. My friend explained to me that how / he managed to catch the thief / No error. (A) (B) (C) (D)
58. All the teachers agree that Paresh is the / (A)
    more intelligent of all the boys in his (B)
    class. / No error. (C) (D)
59. But for some anxious moments, our expedition to the Himalayas was enjoyable / (A)
    No error. (B) (C) (D)
60. Javed had not forgotten the incident and could clear remember all the details / (A)
    No error. (B) (C) (D)
61. Having gone there Vinod decided to stay / (A)
    for one more day to finish the work. / (B) (C) (D)
62. Whether you agree or not I have to send (A) (B) (C) you at Bombay / No error. (D)
63. How close the ball will come depends/ (A) (B) on how forcefully it was hit / No error. (C) (D)
64. In spite of the help offered to him / (A) (B) he refuses to accept and I decided to leave (C) him alone / No error. (D)
65. If my father will approve I will go to (A) (B) (C) Bombay / No error. (D)
66. Bread and butter is / wholesome food / (A) (B) (C) No error. (D)
67. It is high time that we send the answer: (A) (B) (C) No error. (D)
68. The angry man ran hurriedly into the (A) (B) crowded room and shouted loud at the (C) guests / No error. (D)
69. Hardly he had arrived when the house (A) (B) caught fire and everything was reduced to (C) ashes / No error.
70. Interviews for the post of lecturer will begin (A) (B) from Monday / No error. (C) (D)
71. Good night / I am glad to see you / No error. (A) (B) (C) (D)
72. We all take vegetable and fruit / No error. (A) (B) (C) (D)
73. The audience are requested to be / in its (A) (B) (C) seats / No error. (D)
74. The reason we have not been able to pay (A) income tax is due to the fact that we did not (B) receive payment on time / No error. (C) (D)
75. As there are only one taxi available / I have (A) no other alternative but to pay the fare (B) demanded by the driver / No error. (C) (D)
76. Prayag and Parag used to work for almost (A) twelve hours in the factory they were (B) working earlier / No error. (C) (D)
77. Whenever they go out for shopping / (A) (B) they take their pet with them / No error. (C) (D)

Part – 3:

MODEL QUESTIONS

Directions: In the following question, choose the word which is most nearly the same in meaning to the bold word and mark it in the Answer Sheet.

1. He delivered a lengthy speech in which he committed several **ludicrous** mistakes.
   (A) glaring
   (B) funny
   (C) absurd
   (D) serious

2. Timely first aid **resuscitated** the patient.
   (A) soothed
   (B) rescued
   (C) revived
   (D) cured

3. His **rustic** speech and clothes led us to think of him as an ignorant villager.
4. The unprecedented drought in several parts of the country this year led to the onset of various diseases.

(A) assault  (B) attack  
(C) onslaught  (D) outbreak

5. The thief's shifty eyes betrayed his guilt.

(A) slippery  (B) deceitful  
(C) wily  (D) crafty

6. His ragged clothes effectively hide the opulent life he leads at home.

(A) hard-working  (B) rich  
(C) comfortable  (D) obscure

7. The cricketer has denied his complicity in match-fixing.

(A) connivance  (B) collaboration  
(C) collusion  (D) conspiracy

8. FRIGHTENED

(A) courageous  (B) terrified  
(C) amazed  (D) crying

9. INGREDIENTS

(A) condiments  (B) spices  
(C) constituents  (D) nuts

10. TAKE ADVANTAGES OF

(A) harm  (B) earn profit  
(C) help  (D) make use of

11. RUDIMENTARY

(A) Rude  (B) Basic  
(C) Powerful  (D) A rumour

12. SULTRY

(A) Hot and humid  (B) Salty  
(C) Sticky  (D) Solvable

13. CLOG

(A) A bump  (B) To push forward  
(C) A cover  (D) To block

14. BEQUEATH

(A) Under the ground  (B) Suffer to death  
(C) To leave by will  (D) Helpful

15. ASTRAY

(A) Off the right path  (B) Out  
(C) Spanning  (D) Far off

16. Several members of the party eulogised their leader at the public meeting.

(A) flattered  (B) wished  
(C) praised  (D) thanked

17. One cannot but admire your ingenious solution to the problem.

(A) final  (B) skillful  
(C) original  (D) appropriate

18. The financial crisis caused the fall of the Government.

(A) brought about  (B) brought forward  
(C) brought down  (D) brought over

19. The NRIs who are eager to invest in India are discouraged by the archaic rules and procedures.

(A) earlier  (B) outdated  
(C) complex  (D) ancient

20. The chief engineer was irritated by the perpetuation of complaints.

(A) trivial  (B) eternal  
(C) baseless  (D) repeated

21. STRIDENCY

(A) stress  (B) consistency  
(C) flippant  (D) harshness

22. EXCULPATE

(A) finish  (B) enjoy  
(C) free  (D) speak

23. VAPID

(A) vital  (B) dull  
(C) lustre  (D) virtuous

24. DISQUISITION

(A) report  (B) motion  
(C) progress  (D) explosion

25. COLLABORATION

(A) assemble  (B) describe  
(C) narrate  (D) prescribe

26. PREPOSTEROUS

(A) formal  (B) judicious  
(C) ridiculous  (D) ceremonious

27. DOMINION

(A) recreation  (B) separation  
(C) issue  (D) realm

28. ATTEST

(A) allure  (B) corroborate  
(C) assign  (D) enlarge

29. QUALM

(A) crisis  (B) scruple  
(C) alteration  (D) attribute

30. It is amazing how such a motley group could go along so well.

(A) heterogeneous  (B) assorted  
(C) promiscuous  (D) confused

31. His speech was nothing but a string of platitudes.

(A) grand statements  (B) stereo-typed statements  
(C) noble sentiments  (D) humorous anecdotes
32. This was her **maiden** performance and she did very well.
   (A) fresh  (B) girlish  (C) first  (D) primary

33. He wrote a **scathing** review of the prize-winning novel.
   (A) biased  (B) scornful  (C) unbalanced  (D) subjective

34. She is **meticulous** about her appearance.
   (A) methodical  (B) proud  (C) careful  (D) worried

35. The cancer of domestic misery **corroded** his whole existence.
   (A) destroyed  (B) disrupted  (C) afflicted  (D) affected

36. He suffered from **excruciating** pain after he got home from the hospital.
   (A) mild  (B) imaginary  (C) severe  (D) abrupt

37. His **candid** opinions have won him many friends.
   (A) kind  (B) courteous  (C) generous  (D) frank

38. I am disgusted by your **outrageous** behaviour.
   (A) unacceptable  (B) unbecoming  (C) shocking  (D) threatening

39. We repeatedly asked the girl why she was crying but she said that she did not want to **entangle** us in her affairs.
   (A) entrap  (B) impress  (C) involve  (D) induce

40. His performance in the examination **stunned** his friends.
   (A) surprised  (B) stupefied  (C) angered  (D) subdued

41. More effective measures should be adopted for the **conservation** of forests in India.
   (A) protection  (B) cultivation  (C) propagation  (D) supervision

42. Will you please **rectify** the mistake?
   (A) clarify  (B) condone  (C) regularise  (D) correct

43. Death is **inevitable**.
   (A) unconquerable  (B) unavoidable  (C) uncontrollable  (D) imminent

44. Some people try to spread **anarchy** in the country.
   (A) hatred  (B) violence  (C) disaffection  (D) lawlessness

45. The meeting came to an **abrupt** end.
   (A) a sudden  (B) an unexpected  (C) an awful  (D) sad

46. He is very **impulsive** in everything he does.
   (A) deliberate  (B) wary  (C) rash  (D) impressive

47. Because of his **haughty** temperament, he cannot have many friends.
   (A) arrogant  (B) ill-natured  (C) violent  (D) impatient

48. He is often accused of having a **vindictive** attitude towards his critics.
   (A) harsh  (B) cruel  (C) rude  (D) revengeful

49. The travel agent will **confirm** my reservations for next week's flight to London.
   (A) approve  (B) obtain  (C) verify  (D) ratify

50. He kept his eyes peeled and his ears pricked for some important **clue**.
   (A) hint  (B) inkling  (C) intimation  (D) signal

51. **Weird** noises came from the haunted house.
   (A) Beastly  (B) Unpleasant  (C) Frightening  (D) Unnatural

52. The guests were offended by his **uncouth** manners.
   (A) wasteful  (B) dirty  (C) undesirable  (D) ungracious

53. His dress was **immaculate**.
   (A) spotless  (B) coloured  (C) gorgeous  (D) simple

54. The man **vehemently** denied all the charges of corruption that were levelled against him.
   (A) devoutly  (B) serenely  (C) hystically  (D) forcefully

55. Plants that grow and exist in desert have highly specialised means of adapting themselves to the **arid** environment.
   (A) unproductive  (B) unless  (C) withering  (D) dry

56. The manager's **lascivious** ways antagonised all of them.
   (A) ambitious  (B) lustful  (C) erotic  (D) treacherous

57. He was trying to **put across** his ideas to his audience.
   (A) to convey  (B) to cross  (C) to convince  (D) to influence
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>58. The growing <strong>disparity</strong> between the rich and the poor has been a cause for concern for those who are committed to the establishment of a just and egalitarian social order.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(A) unity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) inequality</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59. <strong>PLEASURE</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) Disappointment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) Grief</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60. <strong>RIVAL</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) Friend</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) Associate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>61. <strong>GENERATE</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) Prefer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) Command</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>62. <strong>ACUTE</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) Rice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) Severe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>63. <strong>LATENT</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) Hard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) Visible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>64. <strong>ROBUST</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) Wear</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) Able</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65. <strong>LENIENT</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) Cruel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) Kind</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>66. <strong>DESTRUCTION</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) Restoration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) Renovation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>67. <strong>GENUINE</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) Correction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) Separate</td>
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<tr>
<td>68. <strong>IRRELEVANT</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) Irregular</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) Not connected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>69. <strong>UGLY</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) Evil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) Hateful</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70. <strong>GRAND</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) Great</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) Noble</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71. <strong>CAUTIOUSLY</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) Carefully</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) Secretly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72. <strong>RELUCTANT</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) Inclined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) Unwilling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>74. <strong>CONDEMN</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) Avoid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) Hate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75. <strong>INSOLENT</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) Assertive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) Rude</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76. <strong>LIBERAL</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) Tolerant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) Progressive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>77. <strong>ADVERSITY</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) Mishap</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) Misfortune</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>78. <strong>DISTINGUISH</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) Abolish</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) Differentiate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>79. I shall <strong>disclose</strong> your identity if you do not speak the truth.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) express</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) report</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80. I would not have built a hose here but for the engineer’s <strong>assurance</strong> that this area never has floods.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) suggestion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) suspicion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81. The car accident was the <strong>consequence</strong> of his carelessness.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) result</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) end</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>82. How could the thief gain <strong>access</strong> to the bank lockers?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) permission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) entry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>83. The boy is <strong>anxious</strong> to learn as much as he can.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) serious</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) eager</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>84. <strong>MOISTURE</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) Dryness</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) Dampness</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85. <strong>COUNSEL</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) Advise</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) Publish</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>86. <strong>AUDACIOUS</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) Manifest</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) Venture</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>87. <strong>CITE</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A) Good</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) Sight</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
88. **CHAOS**
   (A) Lawlessness  (B) Inexperienced  (C) Disturb  (D) Mould

89. **AFFLUENT**
   (A) Talkative  (B) Poor  (C) Prosperous  (D) Close

90. It was Pranil’s **practice** to get up early and go for a walk before breakfast.
   (A) convention  (B) habit  (C) fashion  (D) rule

91. Sita asked Laxmi not to **meddle** in her affairs.
   (A) interfere  (B) cross  (C) impose  (D) intercede

92. My friends promised to **look up** my sister whenever they went to London.
   (A) survey  (B) contact  (C) visit  (D) greet

93. We must **eradicate** corruption.
   (A) control  (B) condemn  (C) uproot  (D) minimise

94. Grandfather has been getting **feeble** of late.
   (A) weak  (B) big  (C) small  (D) tall

95. **TENSE**
   (A) Relaxed  (B) Easy  (C) Uncomfortable  (D) Strained

96. **EXTINCT**
   (A) Useless  (B) Irrelevant  (C) Defunct  (D) Unimportant

97. **SIGNIFICANT**
   (A) Distinct  (B) Extreme  (C) Alive  (D) Expressive

98. **EXTRAVAGANT**
   (A) Miserly  (B) Uneconomical  (C) Mean  (D) Narrow-minded

99. **APPLAUD**
   (A) Request  (B) Praise  (C) Pray  (D) Flatter

100. **ABUNDANT**
    (A) Long  (B) Heavy  (C) Plentiful  (D) Excessive

101. **THRIVE**
    (A) Survive  (B) Revive  (C) Entertain  (D) Prosper

102. **ECONOMISE**
    (A) Reduce  (B) Save  (C) Minimise  (D) Accumulate

103. **GRUESOME**
    (A) Horrible  (B) Rude  (C) Fresh  (D) Clear

104. **DOUBT**
    (A) Ignorance  (B) Dullness  (C) Mistake  (D) Disbelief

105. **TRIUMPH**
    (A) Excitement  (B) Victory  (C) Gain  (D) Joy

106. **OUTSTANDING**
    (A) Admirable  (B) Exceptional  (C) Notorious  (D) Interesting

107. **VOLUMINOUS**
    (A) Long  (B) Bulky  (C) Shimming  (D) Loud

108. **HOMELY**
    (A) Rough  (B) Simple  (C) Smooth  (D) Beautiful

109. **CRUEL**
    (A) Indifferent  (B) Merciless  (C) Dreadful  (D) Hateful

110. **MAJESTIC**
    (A) Extraordinary  (B) Grand  (C) Interesting  (D) Attractive

111. **MARVELLOUS**
    (A) Pleasing  (B) Charming  (C) Attractive  (D) Wonderful

112. **JEOPARDY**
    (A) Adventure  (B) Magic  (C) Danger  (D) Enmity

113. **EMULATE**
    (A) Likely to be late  (B) Enable  (C) In spite to win  (D) Try to do as well

114. **WHOLESALE**
    (A) Complete  (B) Righteous  (C) Handsome  (D) Special

115. **DILIGENT**
    (A) Modest  (B) Energetic  (C) Intelligent  (D) Industrious

116. **TEDIOUS**
    (A) Lengthy  (B) Tiresome  (C) Troublesome  (D) Painful

117. **MERE**
    (A) Empty  (B) Only  (C) Complete  (D) Some

118. Frailty the name is woman.
    (A) Beauty  (B) Weakness  (C) Boldness  (D) Intelligence

***